Part A: Preparation and Assessment of Relevance and Priority

Part A is a three step process which will help you to prioritise work and prepare for EqIA.

Step 1 - Preparation:

identify the title of the Policy/function/strategy, the main aims and the key contributors (see Form 1)

Step 2 - Gather Evidence:

collect, but do not analyse information at this stage - just see what evidence is available (see Form 2)

Step 3 - Assessment of Relevance and Priority:

determine whether or not the evidence demonstrates high, medium, low, or no relevance and priority across the core dimensions of the equality duties, by each of the equality strands (see **Form 3**)

Form 1: Preparation

Part A must be completed at the beginning of a Policy/function/strategy development or review, and for every such occurrence. (Refer to the Step-by-Step Guide for additional information).

Step 1	Step 1 - Preparation							
1.	Title of Policy - what are you equality impact assessing?	Guideline for the Management of Diabetic Ketoacidosis in Adults						
2.	Policy Aims and Brief Description - what are its aims? Give a brief description of the Policy (The What, Why and How?)	Diabetic ketoacidosis is a medical emergency affecting those with type 1 diabetes. The new guideline has been accepted as best practice by most professional diabetes societies and aims to improve clinical outcomes by reducing mortality and morbidity, reducing length of stay and improving patient experience by requiring less invasive procedures for patients.						
3.	Who Owns/Defines the Policy? - who is responsible for the Policy/work?	The policy is produced by the Joint British Diabetes Societies and has been adopted by UK professional societies as best practice.						

Step '	1 - Preparation	
4.	Who is Involved in undertaking this EqIA? - who are the key contributors to the EqIA and what are their roles in the process?	Dr Julia Platts, Dr Aled Roberts
5.	Other Policies - Describe where this Policy/work fits in a wider context. Is it related to any other policies/activities that could be included in this EqIA?	It relates to those with diabetic ketoacidosis over the age of 18years. This will primarily be seen in acute medical admission units but may present to other areas such as obstetrics or surgery.
6.	Stakeholders - Who is involved with or affected by this Policy?	Those patients with diabetic ketoacidosis over the age of 18 and the staff caring for them.

Step 1 - Preparation									
7.	What factors may contribute to the outcomes of the Policy? What factors may detract from the outcomes? These could be internal or external factors.	Factors contributing to the success of this policy are effective staff training to implement the policy. Factors which may detract from outcomes are insufficient training for policy implementation.							

Form 2: Evidence Gathering

Equality Strand	Evidence Gathered	Do	es the							ng wit	h regard to this te.			
Race	No effect anticipated	Е												
Disability	No effect anticipated	Eliminating		Prom		Promoting G	Encouraging		ike acco eating s					
Gender	No effect anticipated			Promoting E		ood Rel	Good Re	aging participation		Take account of difference even if treating some individuals more fa				
Sexual Orientation	No effect anticipated	Discrimination and Harassment		Equality of		Relations a								
Age	Only applicable to adults over 18. The paediatric policies should be used for under 18 year olds.			f Opportunity		and Positive	<u>∃</u>	ij			_			
Religion or Belief	No effect anticipated	Eliminating	liminatir	iminatir	iminatin		tunity				Public Life		if it involves favourably*	
Welsh Language	No effect anticipated	g				Attitudes				'es y*				
People have a human right to: life; not to be tortured or treated in a degrading way; to be free from slavery or forced labour; to liberty; to a fair trial; not to be punished without legal authority; to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence; to freedom of thought, conscience and religion; to freedom of expression and of assembly; to marry and found a family and to not be discriminated against in relation to any of the rights contained in the European Convention.														
This guideline is not expected to infringe human rights Human Rights														

^{*} This column relates only to Disability due to the specific requirement in the DDA 2005 to treat disabled people more favourably to achieve equal outcomes. This is not applicable to the other equality strands.

Form 3: Assessment of Relevance and Priority

Equality Strand	Evidence: Existing evidence to suggest some groups affected. Gathered from Step 2. (See Scoring Chart A)	Potential Impact: Nature, profile, scale, cost, numbers affected, significance. Insert one overall score (See Scoring Chart B)	Decision: Multiply 'evidence' score by 'potential impact' score. (See Scoring Chart C)
Race	1	0	0
Disability	1	0	0
Gender	1	0	0
Sexual Orientation	1	0	0
Age	1	0	0
Religion or Belief	1	0	0
Welsh Language	1	0	0
Human Rights	1	0	0

Scoring Chart A: Evidence Available

3	Existing data/research
2	Anecdotal/awareness data only
1	No evidence or suggestion

Scoring Chart B: Potential Impact

-3	High negative						
-2	Medium negative						
-1	Low negative						
0	No impact						
+1	Low positive						
+2	Medium positive						
+3	High positive						

Scoring Chart C: Impact Decision

-6 to -9	High Impact (H)
-3 to -5	Medium Impact (M)
-1 to -2	Low Impact (L)
0	No Impact (N)
1 to 9	Positive Impact (P)

FORM 4: (Part A) Outcome Report

Policy Title:	Guideline for the Management of Diabetic Ketoacidosis in				
	Adults				
Organisation:	Cardiff and Vale University Local Health Board				
Name:	Dr Julia Platts				
Title:	Consultant in Diabetes				
Department:	Department of Medicine				
Summary of Assessment:	The clinical guideline for the management of				
	diabetic ketoacidosis in adults is recommended				
	by all major professional diabetes societies. It will				
	improve clinical outcomes by reducing mortality				
	and morbidity, reducing length of stay and				
	improving patient experience. The benefits of the				
	policy should apply to all groups and no				
	inequality is known to occur form this policy or				
	anticipated to occur.				

Decision to Proceed	Yes/ <u>No</u>			
to Part B Equality Impact Assessment:	Please record reason(s) for decision			
	No inequality issues identified.			

Action Plan

You are advised to use the template below to detail any actions that are planned following the completion of Part A or Part B of the EqIA Toolkit. You should include any remedial changes that have been made to reduce or eliminate the effects of potential or actual adverse impact, as well as any arrangements to collect data or undertake further research.

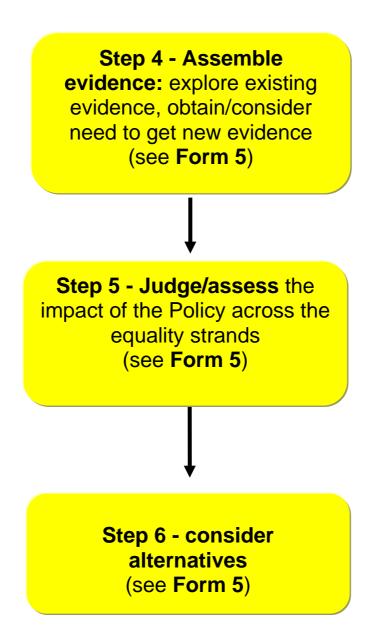
	Action(s) proposed or taken	Reasons for action(s)	Who will benefit?	Who is responsible for this action(s)?	Timescale
What changes have been made as a result of the EqIA?	None needed				
2. Where a Policy may have differential impact on certain groups, state what arrangements are in place or are proposed to mitigate these impacts?	None needed				

3. Justification : For when a policy may have adverse impact on certain groups, but there is good reason not to mitigate.	N/A		
4. Describe any mitigating actions taken?	N/A		
5. Provide details of any actions planned or taken to promote equality.	None needed		

Date:	31/05/2011
Monitoring Arrangements:	The guideline will be audited to ensure no adverse effect on any group
Review Date:	31/05/2014
Signature of all	
Parties:	

Part B: Equality Impact Assessment

Part B has three steps:



Form 5: Equality Impact Assessment

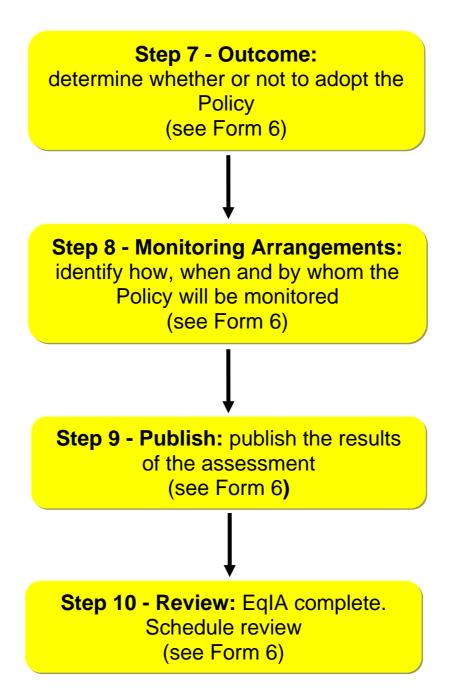
Step 4 - Assemble evidence					
1.	Do you have adequate information? Refer to Form 2 (Part A, Step 2: <i>Evidence Gathering</i>) If not, can the Policy go ahead during this process?				
2.	Does the evidence relate to all strands? (please explain)				
3.	What additional information is required?				
4.	State which representative bodies of relevant groups you will liaise with for support. Is the information representative?				

Step 5 - Judge/assess the impact of the policy across the equality strands					
Detail below whether	er you have identified any posi	tive, adverse or di	fferentia	l effect fo	or any of the following strands:
Ţ	EQUALITY STRAND/GROUP				
		Adverse	Differential	Positive	Comments
Age		-			
Disability					
Gender					
Race					
Religion or					
Belief					
Sexual					
Orientation					
Welsh Language					
Human Rights					

Step 6 - Consider Alternatives					
6.	Describe any mitigating actions taken to reduce adverse impact.				
7.	Is there a handling strategy for any unavoidable but not unlawful negative impacts that cannot be mitigated?				
8.	Describe actions taken to maximise the opportunity to promote equality i.e. changes to the Policy, regulation, guidance, communication, monitoring or review				
9.	What changes have been made as a result of the equality impact assessment?				

Part C: Outcome, Monitoring, Publication and Review

Part C is a four step process as follows:



Form 6: Outcome, Monitoring, Publication and Review

Step 7	Step 7 - Outcome: determine whether to adopt the policy or not			
1.	Will the policy be adopted?			
2.	If No please give reasons and any alternative action(s) agreed: (If the policy is not to be adopted please proceed to step 9).			
Step 8	3 - Monitoring arrangements: ide	entify how, when and by whom the policy will be monitored.		
3.	How will the policy be monitored?			
4.	What monitoring data will be collected?			

5.	How will this data be collected?	
6.	When will the monitoring data be analysed?	
7.	Who will analyse the data?	
Step 9	- Publish the results of the ass	essment
8.	What changes have been made?	
9.	Describe any mitigating actions taken Provide details of any actions taken to promote equality	

10.	Describe the arrangements for publishing the EQIA Outcome Report			
Step '	Step 10 - Schedule review			
11.	When will the policy be subject to a further review?			